

Successful together: the importance of international scientific cooperation for food safety

Roger Genet, PhD Director General

French Agency for Food, Environmental and Occupational Health & Safety (ANSES)

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE "WHAT DOES THE FUTURE HOLD FOR INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION FOR FOOD SAFETY?" TOKYO, 26 April 2017

15e5

ANSES' missions

ANSES contributes to ensuring human health and safety in the fields of environment, work and food

In relation with 5 Ministries:

- ✤ Health,
- ✤ Agriculture,
- Environment,
- ✤ Labour
- Consumer Affairs

Core values

- Independence, impartiality
- Transparency
- Access to stakeholders
- Excellence/scientific expertise

Monitoring, alerts, watch surveillance and vigilance

Risk assessment of regulated products: plant protection products, biocides, fertilisers

Risk assessment: food safety, nutrition, environmental health, occupational health, plant health, animal health & welfare



Research and reference activities on animal health and welfare, food safety, plant health, drinking water

Research funding

Marketing authorisations:

veterinary medicinal products, plant protection products, biocides, fertilisers

Collaborate with European and international agencies EFSA, ECHA, EMA, EEA, EU-OSHA, and ECDC WHO, FAO, OIE, EPPO, ...



Sharing roles between EU and Member State agencies:

Example of plant protection products assessment - regulation (EC) No 1107/2009

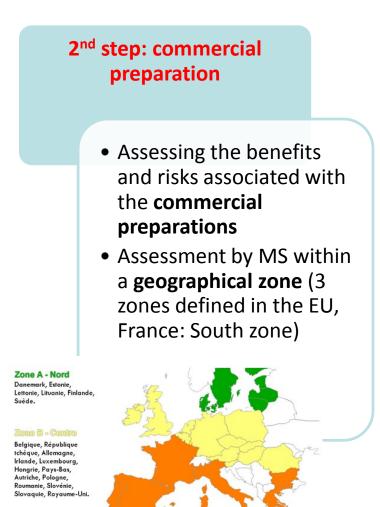
1st step: EU peer review of risk assessments of active substances

Approval at EU level

- Assessing hazards and risks associated with the active substances used in the plant protection products
- Coordinated at European level by EFSA, which relies on the collective assessments conducted by the Member States (ANSES for France).



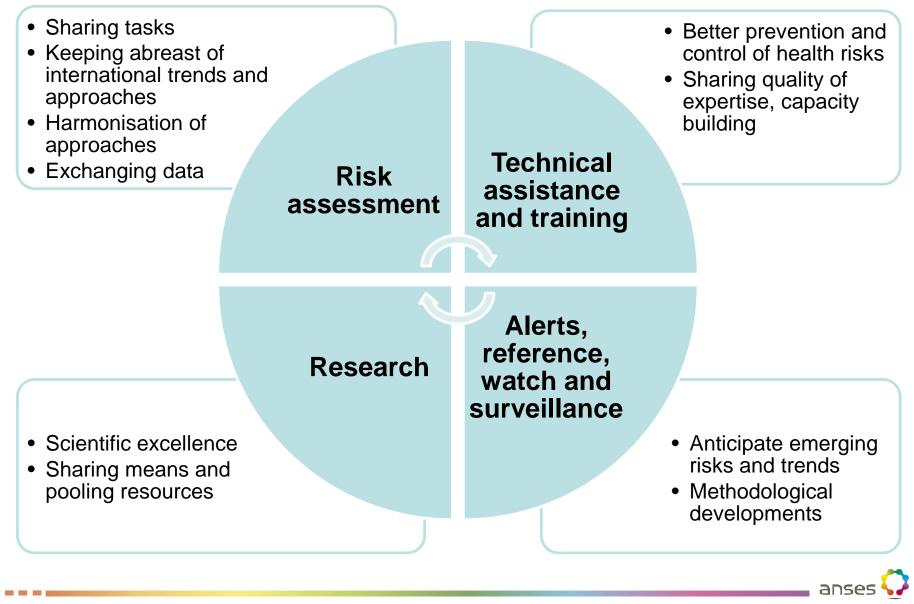
with EU MS



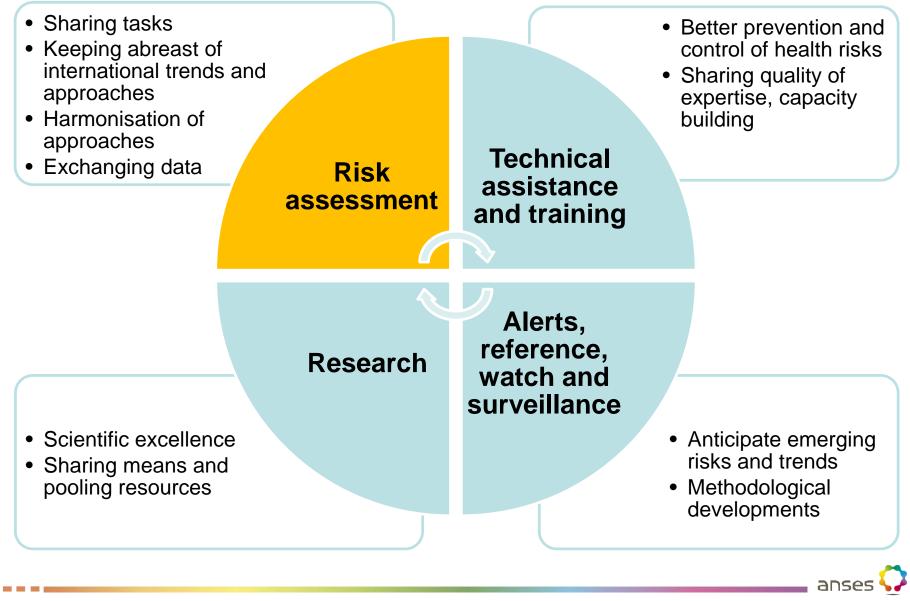
Zone C - Sud

Bulgarie, Grèce, Espagne, France, Italie, Chypre, Malte, Portugal.

3



4

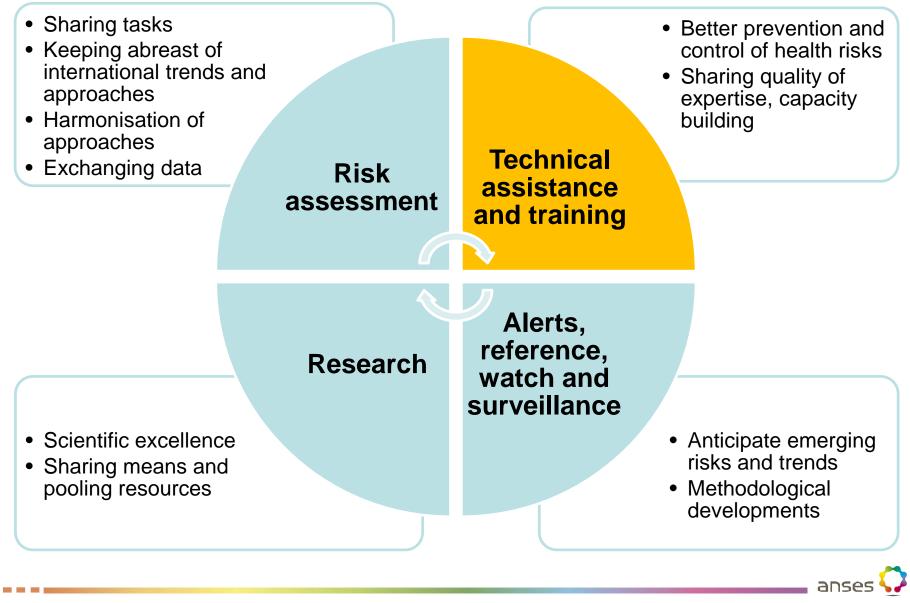


⁵

Risk assessment

- Working with **sister agencies in EU Member States** directly and via mechanisms put in place by **EFSA**
- Working with sister agencies outside of Europe, in North America, Asia, and elsewhere, directly and via mechanisms such as the International Food Chemical Safety Liaison Group (IFCSLG)
- Working through networks and groups under the auspices of international organisations, namely the World Health Organization (WHO) and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO)

6



⁷



Technical assistance

Twinning projects

<u>What is it?</u>

Twinning projects bring together public sector expertise from EU Member States and beneficiary countries with the aim of achieving concrete mandatory operational results through peer to peer activities

With whom?

Beneficiaries of the European Neighborhood Policy (ENP) Instrument:

- For pre-accession assistance (IPA): Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Kosovo, Montenegro, Serbia and Turkey.
- European Neighborhood Policy (ENP):
 - South: Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco and Tunisia
 - East: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine

<u>Example:</u>

Germany and France working together with Morocco for the twinning "Control of plant protection products, fertilisers and growing media"

Technical assistance

TAIEX "Technical Assistance and Information Exchange"

<u>What is it?</u>

EC instrument to **support public administrations** with regard to the approximation, application and enforcement of EU legislation as well as facilitating the sharing of EU best practices.

For whom?

- The 16 countries of the European Neighborhood Policy (ENP):
 - To the South: Algeria, Egypt, Israel, Jordan, Lebanon, Libya, Morocco, Palestine*, Syria and Tunisia
 - To the East: Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus, Georgia, Moldova and Ukraine.
- Turkey, former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, Montenegro, Serbia, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo, Turkish Cypriot community in the northern part of Cyprus;

<u>How?</u>

It is largely needs-driven and delivers appropriate tailor-made expertise in three ways:

- <u>Workshops</u>: EU MS experts present specific areas of EU legislation in workshops to a large number of beneficiary officials.
- <u>Expert missions</u>: EU MS expert(s) are sent to the beneficiary administration to provide in-depth advice on the transposition, implementation or enforcement of a specific part of EU legislation.
- <u>Study visits</u>: a group of practitioners from a beneficiary administration take part in a study visit to an EU MS administration.

Training

BTSF: Better Training for Safer Food

What is it?

A Commission training initiative covering food and feed law, animal health and welfare and plant health rules, since 2006

For whom?

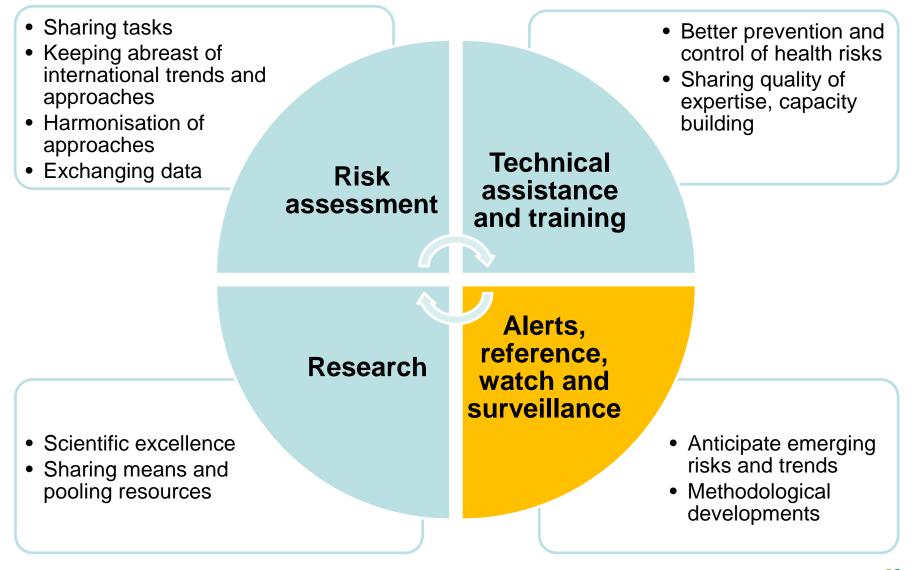
The courses are delivered in EU and **non-EU countries**, targeting the staff of competent authorities dealing with official controls from EU and selected non-EU countries, including:

- Candidate and potential candidate countries: Albania, FYRM, Montenegro, Serbia, Turkey, Kosovo, Bosnia and Herzegovina
- Other non-EU countries in Europe, Africa, Asia, Latin America

How?

The training is provided mainly through workshops or/and secondment of experts to carry out targeted tailor-made trainings under various formats

Example: training activities in non-EU countries to improve and strengthen the sanitary and phytosanitary (SPS) framework ,"BTSF World"



anses 🗘

Reference mandates



reference



support



training

UE : EURL mandates OIE : Collaborating Centres & Reference Laboratories WHO : Collaborating Centres FAO : Reference Laboratories

expertise

cooperation

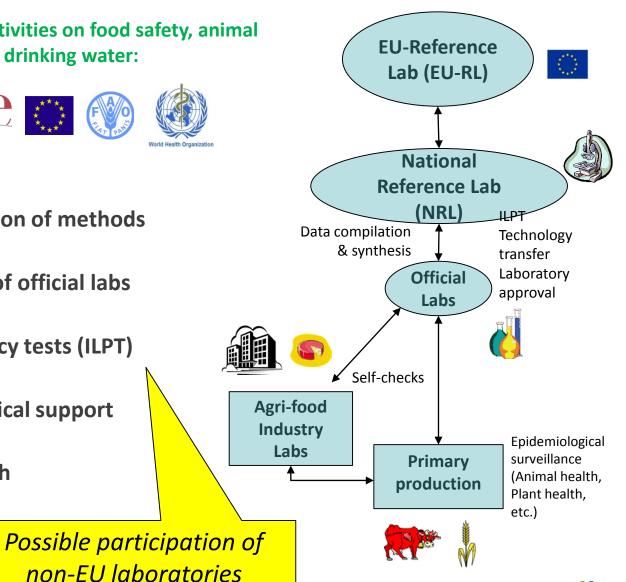
anses

Reference laboratories: an example of collaboration

non-EU laboratories

ANSES laboratories' reference activities on food safety, animal health and welfare, plant health, drinking water:

- 9 FU-RL mandates
- **16 OIE mandates**
- **1 FAO mandate**
- **1 WHO mandate**
- **Development and validation of methods** \checkmark
- ✓ Networking and training of official labs
- ✓ Inter-laboratory proficiency tests (ILPT)
- Provide scientific & technical support
- Maintain a scientific watch \checkmark





anses 🗘

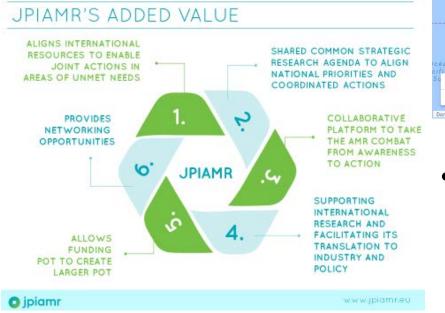
Scientific Research

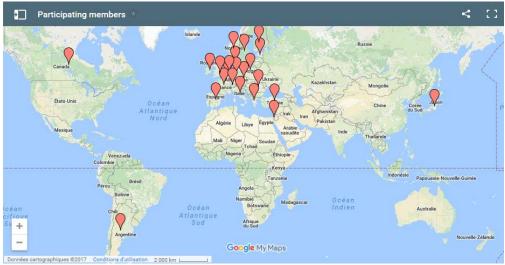
- Importance of national, EU and international partnerships in research & innovation
- Examples of mechanisms in place at EU level:
 - Joint Programming Initiative on Antimicrobial Resistance (JPI-AMR)
 - STAR-IDAZ International Research Consortium (IRC) on Animal Health
 - Partnership for Research and Innovation in the Mediterranean Area (PRIMA) initiative

Joint Programming Initiative on Antimicrobial Resistance (JPI-AMR)

JPI-AMR joins forces across nations to fight AMR through effective collaborative actions in areas of unmet needs

- Established in 2011
- Currently 23 member countries





 Key achievements: Aligning resources by developing a collaborative platform and maximising existing and future efforts to combat AMR

16

anses

STAR-IDAZ International Research Consortium (IRC) on Animal Health



"Global Strategic Alliances for the Coordination of Research on the Major Infectious Diseases of Animals and Zoonoses"



Overall objective: coordinate research at the international level to contribute to new and improved animal health strategies for at least 30 priority diseases / infections / issues

Science has no borders,

working with our international counterparts is essential to ensure effective risk assessment, in order to best protect the health of our citizens, of our plant and animal resources



Thank you for your attention

anses Ϛ 19