Monthly Update on Activity of the Food Safety Commission of Japan (FSCJ) January 2013

Discussions of the 459th to 461st Meetings of the Commission held on 7th, 21st and 28th of January 2013 are summarized as follows:

(1) Risk assessment requests on the following items were made by risk management organizations¹.

Genetically modified	• Stacked event of maize obtained from crosses between the following four	
foods/feeds	lines: <maize lepidoptera="" line="" mon89034="" resistant="" to=""> <maize resistant="" td="" to<=""></maize></maize>	
	Lepidoptera and tolerant to glufosinate herbicide 1507 line> < Maize tolerar	
	to glyphosate herbicide NK603 line> <maize alkanoate<="" aryloxy="" td="" to="" tolerant=""></maize>	
	herbicide 40278 line>	
	• L-Arginine produced by genetically modified strain ARG-No.3.	
	• Disodium 5'-inosinate produced by genetically modified strain RN-No.1.	
	Disodium 5'-ribonucleotide produced by genetically modified strain	
	RN-No.1.	
Fertilizers and feeds	· Revision of official specification of ordinary fertilizers prescribed in	
	paragraph (1) of Article 3 of the Fertilizer Control Act (Act No. 127 of 1950).	

(2) The Risk Assessment Reports on the following items were finalized and notified to the relevant risk management organizations concerned.

Additives

Item	Conclusion
Potassium sulfate	FSCJ conclusion: The assessed item is considered to be of no concern for food safety as
	long as used appropriately as a food additive. Therefore, it is not necessary to specify
	ADI.
Potassium lactate	FSCJ conclusion: The assessed item is considered to be of no concern for food safety
	as long as used appropriately as a food additive. Therefore, it is not necessary to specify
	ADI. However, appropriate regulations will be required for the usage of potassium lactate
	as an additive, and for the usage of food additives containing lactic acid and lactates as a
	main ingredient in foods for infants, because it may result in metabolic acidosis.

Pesticides

ItemADIAmetoctradin2.7 mg /kg bw per dayFenpyroximate0.0097 mg/kg bw per day

¹ E.g. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW), Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF), Consumer Affairs Agency (CAA).

Phenthoate		0.0029 mg/kg bw per day	
Pesticides			
	Item	TDI	
	Aldrin* and Dieldrin*	0.000025 mg /kg bw per day and 0.00005 mg /kg bw per day	

^{*}Since the collected information is limited because the production and use of these substances are currently prohibited, the FSCJ considers that the risk managing organization needs to continue its efforts to collect relevant information.

Veterinary medicines

Item	ADI
Lincomycin	0.0032 mg/kg bw per day
Zilpaterol	0.083 μg/kg bw per day
Narasin	0.005 mg/kg bw per day

Veterinary medicines

Item	Conclusion	
A disinfectant for use in	FSCJ conclusion: Risk to human health from the assessed item through	
herring hatcheries,	consumption is negligible as long as appropriately used.	
containing bronopol as an		
active ingredient (Pyceze).		
(Reexamination)		

Fertilizers and feeds

Item	ADI
Narasin	0.005 mg/kg bw per day

Fertilizers and feeds

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Item	Conclusion	
Revision of official specification of	FSCJ conclusion: Relevant changes in the application for the risk	
ordinary fertilizers prescribed in	assessment consist of physical procedures, but do not include any	
paragraph (1) of Article 3 of the	chemical procedure. Therefore, relevant changes do not influence the	
Fertilizer Control Act (Act No. 127	current usage and the exposure level of the item, which were evaluated	
of 1950).	to not affect human health. Accordingly, the FSCJ concluded that the	
	item comes under item (ii) of paragraph (1) of article 11 of the Food	
	Safety Basic Act; that is, the case where the contents and degree of	
	adverse effects on human health are clear.	

Genetically modified foods/feeds

Item	Conclusion
Stacked event of maize obtained from crosses between	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Approach to
the following five lines: <maize lepidoptera<="" resistant="" td="" to=""><td>the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified</td></maize>	the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified
MON89034 line>; <maize and<="" lepidoptera="" resistant="" td="" to=""><td>Plant Hybrids"², the item did not require further</td></maize>	Plant Hybrids" ² , the item did not require further
tolerant to glufosinate herbicide 1507 line>; <maize< td=""><td>assessment.</td></maize<>	assessment.
resistant to Coleoptera and tolerant to glyphosate	
herbicide MON88017 line> <maize resistant="" td="" to<=""><td></td></maize>	
Coleoptera and tolerant to glufosinate herbicide	
B.t.Cry34/35Ab1 Event DAS-59122-7 line>; <maize< td=""><td></td></maize<>	
tolerant to aryloxy alkanoate herbicide 40278 line> (11	
stacked events from the relevant crosses, for which the	
assessment has been done, are not included)	
Stacked event of maize obtained from crosses between	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Approach to
the following four lines: <maize lepidoptera<="" resistant="" td="" to=""><td>the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified</td></maize>	the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified
MON89034 line> <maize and<="" lepidoptera="" resistant="" td="" to=""><td>Plant Hybrids"², the item did not require further</td></maize>	Plant Hybrids" ² , the item did not require further
tolerant to glufosinate herbicide 1507 line> < Maize	assessment.
tolerant to glyphosate herbicide NK603 line> < Maize	
tolerant to aryloxy alkanoate herbicide 40278 line> (7	
stacked events from the relevant crosses, for which the	
assessment has been done, are not included)	
Maize resistant to Coleoptera Event 5307 line	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Approach to
	the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified Foods
	(seed plants)" ³ , Event 5307 line was evaluated not
	to affect human health.

² "Approach to the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified Plant Hybrids (Decision of the Commission dated 29

January 2004)

3 "Approach to the Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified Foods (seed plants) (Decision of the Commission dated 29 January 2004)"