## Provisional translation

This English version of the Commission Decision is intended to be reference material to provide convenience for users. In the event of inconsistency between the Japanese original and this English translation, the former shall prevail. The FSCJ shall not be responsible for any consequence resulting from use of this English version.

## Updated Activities of the Food Safety Commission of Japan (FSCJ)

#### October 2017

Discussions from the 668th to 671st Meetings of the Commission held on the 3rd, 17th, 24th and 31st of October 2017 are summarized as follows:

(1) Risk assessment requests on the following items were made by risk management organizations 1.

	<ul> <li>Revision of specimen for pears, Japanese pears, quinces and apples designated in standards for foods and additives<sup>2</sup>.</li> <li>Acynonapyr • Tetraniliprole • Lancotrione-sodium • Desmedipham</li> <li>Acibenzolar-S-methyl • Flutriafol</li> </ul>
Pesticides	(Bulk deletion)
	• Hydramethylnon
	• Fentin
	Flucarbazone-sodium
	• Propazine
Pesticides and additives	• Fludioxonil
	• Monepantel
	• Thymol
	• A parasiticide for veterinary use to honey bee, Thymovar, which
Veterinary medicinal products	contains thymolas an active ingredient
	(Bulk deletion)
	Oleandomycin

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> E.g. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW), Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF), Consumer Affairs Agency (CAA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Notification of the Ministry of Welfare, No. 370, 1959, which was established based on paragraph (1) of article 11 of the Food Sanitation Act, Act No. 233 off 1947.

(2) The Risk Assessment Reports on the following items were finalized and notified to the relevant risk management organizations concerned.

# Exempted Substances<sup>4</sup>

Item	Conclusion
Hydroxypropyl distarch phosphate	FSCJ conclusion: Risk to human health from intake of the assessed items
	through food is negligible as long as normally used as a pesticide.

#### Pesticides

Item	ADI	ARfD
Triflumezopyrim	0.032 mg/kg bw per day	1 mg/kg bw
Cyazofamid	0.17 mg/kg bw per day	Not required
Cyanophos (CYAP)	0.001 mg/kg bw per day	0.01 mg/kg bw
Pyflubumide	0.0073 mg/kg bw per day	0.09 mg/kg bw
Metalaxyl and Mefenoxam	0.08 mg/kg bw per day	0.5 mg/kg bw

#### Pesticides

Item	Conclusion
Revision of specimen for pears, Japanese	FSCJ conclusion: FSCJ conclude that the assessment of food safety
pears, quinces and apples designated in	risk from the item is evidently unnecessary according to Food
standards for foods and additives <sup>3</sup>	Safety Basic Act <sup>4</sup> .
Desmedipham	FSCJ conclusion: FSCJ concluded that the item falls under the
	category which is the case where the contents and degree of adverse
	effects on human health are clear <sup>5</sup> .
(Bulk deletion)	FSCJ conclusion: Deletion of the standards for residues of the
Hydramethylnon	assessed items falls under the category which is the case where the
• Fentin	contents and degree of adverse effects on human health are clear <sup>5</sup> on
• Flucarbazone-sodium	condition that the items currently are not used for agricultural
• Propazine	products for foods and feeds domestically and internationally, or that
	the items are not used domestically for agricultural products, and that

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  Notification of the Ministry of Welfare, No. 370, 1959, which was established based on paragraph(1) of article 11 of the Food Sanitation Act, Act No. 233 off 1947.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The item comes under item(i) of paragraph (1) of article 11 of the Food Safety Basic Act, where assessment of food safety risk is evidently unnecessary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The case designated by item(ii) of paragraph (1) of article 11 of the Food Safety Basic Act.

agricultural products for food produced using the items are not
imported.

# Veterinary medicinal products

Item	ADI	
Orbifloxacin	0.012 mg/kg bw per day	

## Veterinary medicinal products

Item	Conclusion
(Bulk deletion)	FSCJ conclusion: Deletion of standards for residue of the assessed items falls under
Oleandomycin	the category which is the case where the contents and degree of adverse effects on
	human health are clear <sup>5</sup> , on condition that use of the items for animals for human
	consumption, and animals for obtaining food products such as eggs and milk is
	improbable domestically and internationally, or that the items are not used
	domestically for animals, and that meat, milk and other products for food produced
	using the items are not imported.

#### Prions

Item	Conclusion
Resumption of use of MBM, derived from sheep and horses for fertilizers in aquatic animal farming.	FSCJ conclusion: FSCJ concluded that the item falls under the category which is the case where the contents and degree of
	adverse effects on human health are clear <sup>5</sup> .

## Genetically modified foods/feeds

Item	Conclusion
Maize MON87403 <sup>6</sup> , a biomass ear maize, at silking stage	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Stance on the safety assessment of genetically modified foods (seed plants)" <sup>7</sup> , MON87403 was evaluated not to
(foods)	affect human health.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Notification on the procedure for safety evaluation of foods and additives that are produced by using recombinant DNA

technologies.

7 "Stance on Safety Assessments of Genetically Modified Foods (seed plants) (Decision of the Commission dated 29 January 2004)"

	According to the "Stance on the safety assessment of genetically modified	
Maize MON87403 <sup>6</sup> , a biomass ear maize, at silking stage	feeds and feed additives", the item did not require further assessment	
	through the "Stance on the safety assessment of genetically modified foods	
(feeds)	(seed plants)". Hence, livestock products derived from animals which	
	consumed the item have no concern relevant to human health.	
	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Standards for Safety Assessments of	
Acid phosphatase produced using OYC-GM1 strain	Food Additives Produced from Genetically Modified Microorganisms"8, the	
using of Covit strain	item was evaluated not to affect human health.	
	FSCJ conclusion: The documents was evaluated based on the "Stance on	
	Safety Assessments of Additives Produced Using Generically Modified	
	Microorganisms, whose End Porduct is a Highly Purified Nonprotein	
L-citrulline produced using CPR-strain	Additive, such as Amino Acids 9". Consequently, FSCJ confirmed that the	
	safety of the assessed itemis equivalent to that of the conventional product as	
	far as it is used in the same way. Hence, FSCJ concluded that the assessment	
	based on the "Standards for Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified	
	Foods (Microorganisms)" is not necessary for this additive.	

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 $<sup>^8</sup>$  "Standards for Safety Assessments of Food Additives Produced from Genetically Modified Microorganisms" (Decision of the Food Safety Commission dated March 25, 2004).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Supplementary Provisions of "Standards for Safety Assessments of Food Additives produced Using Genetically Modified Microorganisms" (Decision of the Commission dated April 28, 2005).

#### November 2017

Discussions from the 672nd to 675th Meetings of the Commission held on the 7th, 14th, 21st and 28th of November 2017 are summarized as follows:

(1) Risk assessment requests on the following items were made by risk management organizations 10.

Peaticides	<ul><li> Tetraconazole</li><li> Picoxystrobin</li><li> Pyribencarb</li><li> Flupyrimin</li></ul>
Veterinary medicinal products	• Spectinomycin
Genetically modified foods/feeds	<ul> <li>Hybrid stacks of soybean: DP-305423-1<sup>11</sup> x MON89788<sup>12</sup> x MON87708<sup>13</sup>.</li> <li>(Hybrid stacks from MON89788<sup>3</sup> x MON87708<sup>4</sup>, for which the assessment has been done or the evaluation has been informed to MHLW, are not included)</li> </ul>

(2) The Risk Assessment Reports on the following items were finalized and notified to the relevant risk management organizations concerned.

#### Pesticides

Item	ADI	ARfD
Fluensulfone	0.014 mg/kg bw per day	0.33 mg/kg bw

E.g. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW), Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF), Consumer Affairs Agency (CAA).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Genetically modified soybean with improved oleic acid content.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Soybean tolerant of glyphosate herbicide.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Soybean tolerant of dicamba herbicide

## Pesticides and additives

Item	ADI	ARfD
Fludioxonil	0.33 mg/kg bw per day	2.5 mg/kg bw

## Veterinary medicinal products

Item	ADI
[Monobis(trimethylammoniu mmethylene chloride)]-alkyltoluene	0.013 mg/kg bw per day

## Veterinary medicinal products

Item	Conclusion
Nine components used as additives to vaccine for veterinary use.	FSCJ conclusion: Risk to human health from the intake of the assessed item is negligible as long as appropriately used as additives to vaccine for veterinary use. FSCJ concluded that the item falls under the category which is the case where the contents and degree of adverse effects on human health are clear 14.
Spectinomycin	FSCJ conclusion: FSCJ concluded that the item falls under the category which is the case where the contents and degree of adverse effects on human health are clear 15.
• Pegbovigrastim	FSCJ conclusion: Revise the assessment report.

 $<sup>^{14}</sup>$  The case designated by item(ii) of paragraph(1) of article 11 of the Food Safety Basic Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The case designated by item(ii) of paragraph(1) of article 11 of the Food Safety Basic Act

Veterinary medicinal products and feed additives

Item	ADI
Semduramicin	0.003 mg/kg bw/day

## Genetically modified foods/feeds

Item	Conclusion
Maize MZIR098 line resistant to Coleoptera and tolerant of glufosinate herbicide (foods)	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Stance on the safety assessment of genetically modified foods (seed plants)" 16, MZIR098 was evaluated not to affect human health.
Maize MZIR098 line resistant to Coleoptera and tolerant of glufosinate herbicide (feeds)	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Stance on the safety assessment of genetically modified feeds and feed additives", the item did not require further assessment through the "Stance on the safety assessment of genetically modified foods (seed plants)". Hence, livestock products derived from animals which consumed the item have no concern relevant to human health.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> "Stance on Safety Assessments of Genetically Modified Foods (seed plants)" (Decision of the Commission dated 29 January 2004).

## December 2017

Discussions from the 676th to 678th Meetings of the Commission held on the 5th, 12th, 19th and 26th of December 2017 are summarized as follows:

(1) Risk assessment requests on the following items were made by risk management organizations <sup>17</sup>.

	• Isobutylamine
	• Isopropylamine
Food additives	• sec-butylamine
	Hexylamine
	• 2-Methylbutylamine
	Ectoparasiticide for use to fishes belonging Tetraodontiformes and
Veterinary medicinal products	Percomorphi, Mushiotiru, that contains hydrogen peroxide as an active component.
	component.
	Transgenic tomato plants TU-IPI05B-1 that contains recombinant
	miraculin (foods)
	Transgenic tomato plants TU-IPI05B-1 that contains recombinant
Genetically modified foods/feeds	miraculin (feeds)
	L-Threonine produced by using Escherichia coli-K-12 DM235.0
	strain.
	Glucoamylase produced by using JAPN001 strain.
	Alkaline protease produced by using JPBL001 strain (food)
	additives)
	• Alkaline protease produced by using JPBL001 strain (feed additives)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> E.g. Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW), Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF), Consumer Affairs Agency (CAA).

Feed additives	Alkaline protease
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(2) The Risk Assessment Reports on the following items were finalized and notified to the relevant risk management organizations concerned.

Exempted Substances<sup>18</sup>

Item	Conclusion
Citric acid esters of mono-and di- glycerides of fatty acid	FSCJ conclusion: Risk to human health from intake of the assessed items through food is negligible as long as normally used as a pesticide.
• Methionine	FSCJ conclusion: Risk to human health from intake of the assessed items through food is negligible as long as normally used as a veterinary medicinal product and a feed additive.

#### Additives

Item	TWI
Aluminium ammonium sulfate and aluminium potassium sulfate	2.1 mg/kg bw per week

On May 29, 2006 the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW) introduced the positive list system for agricultural chemicals remaining in foods to prohibit the distribution of foods that contain agricultural chemicals above a certain level if maximum residue limits (MRLs) have not been established. Exempted Substances are designated as substances having no potential to cause damage to human health by the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare, based on the provision of Paragraph 3, Article 11 of the Food Sanitation Act, and these substances are not subjected to the positive list system.

## Pesticides

Item	ADI	ARfD
Fluxapyroxad	0.021 mg/kg bw per day	1.2 mg/kg bw
Chlorfluazuron	0.033 mg/kg bw per day	Not required
Chlormequat	0.05 mg/kg bw per day	0.05 mg/kg bw
Dimethenamid	0.051 mg/kg bw per day	0.5 mg/kg bw
Fluxametamide	0.0085 mg/kg bw per day	Not required

# Pesticides and veterinary medicinal products

Item	ADI	ARfD
Diajinon	0.001 mg/kg bw per day	0.025 mg/kg bw
Teflubenzuron	0.021 mg/kg bw per day	Not required

# Veterinary medicinal products

Item	ADI
Betamethasone	0.01 μg/kg bw per day

## Contaminants

Item	TWI
Aluminium	2.1 mg/kg bw per week

# Genetically modified foods/feeds

Item	Conclusion
Riboflavin produced by using  RFESC02 strain	FSCJ conclusion: According to the "Standards for Safety Assessments of Food Additives Produced from Genetically Modified Microorganisms" <sup>19</sup> , the item was evaluated not to affect human health.

<sup>19</sup> "Standards for Safety Assessments of Food Additives Produced from Genetically Modified Microorganisms" (Decision of the Food Safety Commission dated March 25, 2004).